ACADEMIC REGULATIONS COURSE STRUCTURE AND DETAILED SYLLABUS

For ECE BRANCH

COMMONFOR

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING DIGITAL ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY KAKINADA KAKINADA - 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

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ACADEMIC REGULATIONS R13 FOR M. Tech (REGULAR) DEGREE COURSE

Applicable for the students of M. Tech (Regular) Course from the Academic Year 2013-14 onwards

The M. Tech Degree of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Kakinada shall be conferred on candidates who are admitted to the program and who fulfil all the requirements for the award of the Degree.

1.0 ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSIONS

Admission to the above program shall be made subject to eligibility, qualification and specialization as prescribed by the University from time to time.

Admissions shall be made on the basis of merit/rank obtained by the candidates at the qualifying Entrance Test conducted by the University or on the basis of any other order of merit as approved by the University, subject to reservations as laid down by the Govt. from time to time.

2.0 AWARD OF M. Tech DEGREE

- 2.1 A student shall be declared eligible for the award of the M. Tech Degree, if he pursues a course of study in not less than two and not more than four academic years.
- 2.2 The student shall register for all 80 credits and secure all the 80 credits.
- 2.3 The minimum instruction days in each semester are 90.

3.0 A. COURSES OF STUDY

The following specializations are offered at present for the M. Tech course of study.

- 1. M.Tech- Structural Engineering
- 2. M.Tech- Transportation Engineering
- 3. M.Tech- Infrastructure Engineering & Management
- 4. ME- Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering
- 5. M.Tech- Environmental Engineering
- 6. M.Tech-Geo-Informatics
- 7. M.Tech-Spatial Information Technology

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8.	M.Tech-Civil Engineering
9.	M.Tech -Geo-Technical Engineering
10.	M.Tech- Remote Sensing
11.	M.Tech- Power Electronics
12.	M.Tech- Power & Industrial Drives
13.	M.Tech-Power Electronics & Electrical Drives
14.	M.Tech- Power System Control & Automation
15.	M.Tech-Power Electronics & Drives
16.	M.Tech- Power Systems
17.	M.Tech- Power Systems Engineering
18.	M.Tech-High Voltage Engineering
19.	M.Tech- Power Electronics and Power Systems
20.	M.Tech- Power System and Control
21.	M.Tech- Power Electronics & Systems
22.	M.Tech- Electrical Machines and Drives
23.	M.Tech- Advanced Power Systems
24.	M.Tech- Power Systems with Emphasis on High Voltage Engineering
25.	M.Tech- Control Engineering
26.	M.Tech- Control Systems
27.	M.Tech-Electrical Power Engineering
28.	M.Tech-Power Engineering & Energy System
29.	M.Tech-Thermal Engineering
30.	M.Tech-CAD/CAM
31.	M.Tech- Machine Design
32.	M.Tech- Computer Aided Design and Manufacture
33.	M.Tech- Advanced Manufacturing Systems
34.	M.Tech-Computer Aided Analysis & Design
35.	M.Tech- Mechanical Engineering Design
36.	M.Tech- Systems and Signal Processing
37.	M.Tech-Digital Electronics and Communication Systems
38.	M.Tech-Electronics & Communications Engineering
39.	M.Tech- Communication Systems
40.	M.Tech-Communication Engineering & Signal Processing
41.	M.Tech-Microwave and Communication Engineering
42.	M.Tech-Telematics

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DECS, ECE, DECE M.Tech- Digital Systems & Computer Electronics 43. 44. M.Tech-Embedded System 45. M.Tech-VLSI M.Tech-VLSI Design 46. M.Tech- VLSI System Design 47. 48. M.Tech- Embedded System & VLSI Design 49. M.Tech- VLSI & Embedded System M.Tech-VLSI Design & Embedded Systems 50. M.Tech- Image Processing 51. 52. M.Tech-Digital Image Processing 53. M.Tech- Computers & Communication 54. M.Tech- Computers & Communication Engineering 55. M.Tech- Instrumentation & Control Systems 56. M.Tech - VLSI & Micro Electronics M.Tech - Digital Electronics & Communication Engineering 57. M.Tech-Embedded System & VLSI 58. 59. M.Tech- Computer Science & Engineering 60. M.Tech-Computer Science M.Tech- Computer Science & Technology 61. M.Tech- Computer Networks 62. M.Tech- Computer Networks & Information Security 63. M.Tech- Information Technology 64. 65. M.Tech-Software Engineering 66. M.Tech-Neural Networks 67. M.Tech-Chemical Engineering M.Tech-Biotechnology 68. M.Tech- Nano Technology 69. 70. M.Tech- Food Processing 71. M.Tech- Avionics and any other course as approved by AICTE/ University from time to time. .

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3.0 B. Departments offering M. Tech Programmes with specializations				
aren	are noted below:			
Civil Engg.	1.	M.Tech- Structural Engineering		
	2.	M.Tech- Transportation Engineering		
	3.	M.Tech- Infrastructure Engineering & Management		
	4.	ME- Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering		
	5.	M.Tech-Environmental Engineering		
	6.	M.Tech-Geo-Informatics		
	7.	M.Tech-Spatial Information Technology		
	8.	M.Tech-Civil Engineering		
	9.	M.Tech -Geo-Technical Engineering		
	10.	M.Tech- Remote Sensing		
EEE	1.	M.Tech-Power Electronics		
	2.	M.Tech- Power & Industrial Drives		
	3.	M.Tech-Power Electronics & Electrical Drives		
	4.	M.Tech- Power System Control & Automation		
	5.	M.Tech- Power Electronics & Drives		
	6.	M.Tech- Power Systems		
	7.	M.Tech- Power Systems Engineering		
8. M.Tech-High Voltage Engineeri		M.Tech-High Voltage Engineering		
9. M.Tech- Power Electronics and Power		M.Tech- Power Electronics and Power Systems		
10. M.Tech- Power System and Control		M.Tech- Power System and Control		
	11.	M.Tech- Power Electronics & Systems		
	12.	M.Tech- Electrical Machines and Drives		
	13.	M.Tech- Advanced Power Systems		
	14.	M.Tech-Power Systems with Emphasis on High		
		Voltage Engineering		
	15.	M.Tech-Control Engineering		
	16.	M. Tech- Control Systems		
	I7.	M. Tech-Electrical Power Engineering		
	18.	M. Tech- Power Engineering & Energy System		
ME		M. Tech-Thermal Engineering		
	2.	M. Iech-CAD/CAM		
	3.	M. lech- Machine Design		
	4.	M. Iecn- Computer Aided Design and Manufacture		
). (M. Tech- Advanced Manufacturing Systems		
	0. 7	M. Iech-Computer Aided Analysis & Design		
	/.	M. Iecn- Mechanical Engineering Design		

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ECE	1.	M.Tech- Systems and Signal Processing	
	2.	M.Tech-Digital Electronics and Communication Systems	
	3.	M.Tech-Electronics & Communications Engineeri	ng
	4.	M.Tech- Communication Systems	U
	5.	M.Tech- Communication Engineering & Signal Processing	
	6.	M.Tech-Microwave and Communication Engineer	ing
	7.	M.Tech-Telematics	
	8.	M.Tech-Digital Systems & Computer Electronics	
	9.	M.Tech- Embedded System	
	10.	M.Tech-VLSI	
	11.	M.Tech-VLSI Design	
	12.	M.Tech-VLSI System Design	
	13.	M.Tech-Embedded System & VLSI Design	
	14.	M.Tech-VLSI & Embedded System	
	15.	M.Tech-VLSI Design & Embedded Systems	
	16.	M.Tech- Image Processing	
	17.	M.Tech-Digital Image Processing	
	18.	M.Tech- Computers & Communication	
	19.	M.Tech-Computers & Communication Engineerin	g
	20.	M.Tech- Instrumentation & Control Systems	
	21.	. M.Tech – VLSI & Micro Electronics	
	22.	M.Tech – Digital Electronics & Communication Engineering	
	23.	M.Tech-Embedded System & VLSI	
CSE	1.	M.Tech- Computer Science & Engineering	
	2.	M.Tech-Computer Science	
	3.	M.Tech- Computer Science & Technology	
	4.	M.Tech-Computer Networks	
	5.	M.Tech- Computer Networks & Information Secur	ity
	6.	M.Tech-Information Technology	
	7.	M.Tech-Software Engineering	
	8.	M.Tech- Neural Networks	
Others	1.	M.Tech- Chemical Engineering	
	2.	M.Tech- Biotechnology	
	3.	M.Tech- Nano Technology	
	4.	M.Tech- Food Processing	
	5.	M.Tech- Avionics	

4.0 ATTENDANCE

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- 4.1 A student shall be eligible to write University examinations if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects.
- 4.2 Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester shall be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- 4.3 Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall not be condoned.
- 4.4 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to write their end semester examination of that class.
- 4.5 A prescribed fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance.
- 4.6 A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirement of the present semester, as applicable. They may seek readmission into that semester when offered next. If any candidate fulfills the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.

5.0 EVALUATION

The performance of the candidate in each semester shall be evaluated subject-wise, with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 100 marks for practicals, on the basis of Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination.

5.1 For the theory subjects 60 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examination and 40 marks shall be awarded based on the Internal Evaluation. The internal evaluation shall be made based on the **average** of the marks secured in the two Mid Term-Examinations conducted-one in the middle of the Semester and the other immediately after the completion of instruction. Each mid term examination shall be conducted for a total duration of 120 minutes with 4 questions (without choice) each question for 10 marks. End semester examination is conducted for 60 marks for 5 questions to be answered out of 8 questions.

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- 5.2 For practical subjects, 60 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examinations and 40 marks shall be awarded based on the day-to-day performance as Internal Marks.
- 5.3 There shall be two seminar presentations during III semester and IV semester. For seminar, a student under the supervision of a faculty member, shall collect the literature on a topic and critically review the literature and submit it to the department in a report form and shall make an oral presentation before the Project Review Committee consisting of Head of the Department, Supervisor and two other senior faculty members of the department. For each Seminar there will be only internal evaluation of 50 marks. A candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to be declared successful.
- 5.4 A candidate shall be deemed to have secured the minimum academic requirement in a subject if he secures a minimum of 40% of marks in the End semester Examination and a minimum aggregate of 50% of the total marks in the End Semester Examination and Internal Evaluation taken together.
- In case the candidate does not secure the minimum academic 5.5 requirement in any subject (as specified in 5.4) he has to reappear for the End semester Examination in that subject. A candidate shall be given one chance to re-register for each subject provided the internal marks secured by a candidate are less than 50% and has failed in the end examination. In such a case, the candidate must re-register for the subject(s) and secure the required minimum attendance. The candidate's attendance in the reregistered subject(s) shall be calculated separately to decide upon his eligibility for writing the end examination in those subject(s). In the event of the student taking another chance, his internal marks and end examination marks obtained in the previous attempt stand cancelled. For re-registration the candidates have to apply to the University through the college by paying the requisite fees and get approval from the University before the start of the semester in which reregistration is required.

- 5.6 In case the candidate secures less than the required attendance in any re registered subject (s), he shall not be permitted to write the End Examination in that subject. He shall again reregister the subject when next offered.
- 5.7 Laboratory examination for M. Tech. courses must be conducted with two Examiners, one of them being the Laboratory Class Teacher or teacher of the respective college and the second examiner shall be appointed by the university from the panel of examiners submitted by the respective college.

6.0 EVALUATION OF PROJECT/DISSERTATION WORK

Every candidate shall be required to submit a thesis or dissertation on a topic approved by the Project Review Committee.

- 6.1 A Project Review Committee (PRC) shall be constituted with Head of the Department and two other senior faculty members.
- 6.2 Registration of Project Work: A candidate is permitted to register for the project work after satisfying the attendance requirement of all the subjects, both theory and practical.
- 6.3 After satisfying 6.2, a candidate has to submit, in consultation with his project supervisor, the title, objective and plan of action of his project work for approval. The student can initiate the Project work, only after obtaining the approval from the Project Review Committee (PRC).
- 6.4 If a candidate wishes to change his supervisor or topic of the project, he can do so with the approval of the Project Review Committee (PRC). However, the Project Review Committee (PRC) shall examine whether or not the change of topic/supervisor leads to a major change of his initial plans of project proposal. If yes, his date of registration for the project work starts from the date of change of Supervisor or topic as the case may be.
- 6.5 A candidate shall submit his status report in two stages at least with a gap of 3 months between them.
- 6.6 The work on the project shall be initiated at the beginning of the II year and the duration of the project is two semesters. A candidate is permitted to submit Project Thesis only after

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successful completion of theory and practical course with the approval of PRC not earlier than 40 weeks from the date of registration of the project work. The candidate has to pass all the theory and practical subjects before submission of the Thesis.

- 6.7 Three copies of the Project Thesis certified by the supervisor shall be submitted to the College/School/Institute.
- 6.8 The thesis shall be adjudicated by one examiner selected by the University. For this, the Principal of the College shall submit a panel of 5 examiners, eminent in that field, with the help of the guide concerned and head of the department.
- 6.9 If the report of the examiner is not favourable, the candidate shall revise and resubmit the Thesis, in the time frame as decided by the PRC. If the report of the examiner is unfavorable again, the thesis shall be summarily rejected. The candidate has to reregister for the project and complete the project within the stipulated time after taking the approval from the University.
- 6.10 If the report of the examiner is favourable, Viva-Voce examination shall be conducted by a board consisting of the Supervisor, Head of the Department and the examiner who adjudicated the Thesis. The Board shall jointly report the candidate's work as one of the following:
 - A. Excellent
 - B. Good
 - C. Satisfactory
 - D. Unsatisfactory

The Head of the Department shall coordinate and make arrangements for the conduct of Viva-Voce examination.

6.11 If the report of the Viva-Voce is unsatisfactory, the candidate shall retake the Viva-Voce examination only after three months. If he fails to get a satisfactory report at the second Viva-Voce examination, the candidate has to re-register for the project and complete the project within the stipulated time after taking the approval from the University.

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7.0 AWARD OF DEGREE AND CLASS

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After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of M. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

Class Awarded	% of marks to be secured
First Class with Distinction	70% and above (Without any
	Supplementary Appearance)
First Class	Below 70% but not less than 60%
	70% and above (With any
	Supplementary Appearance)
Second Class	Below 60% but not less than 50%

The marks in internal evaluation and end examination shall be shown separately in the memorandum of marks.

8.0 WITHHOLDING OF RESULTS

If the student has not paid the dues, if any, to the university or if any case of indiscipline is pending against him, the result of the student will be withheld. His degree will be withheld in such cases.

4.0 TRANSITORY REGULATIONS (for R09)

- 9.1 Discontinued or detained candidates are eligible for readmission into same or equivalent subjects at a time as and when offered.
- 9.2 The candidate who fails in any subject will be given two chances to pass the same subject; otherwise, he has to identify an equivalent subject as per R13 academic regulations.

10. GENERAL

- 10.1 Wherever the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".
- 10.2 The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.
- 10.3 In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- 10.4 The University may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students with effect from the dates notified by the University.

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MALPRACTICES RULES

DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

	Nature of Malpractices/ Improper conduct	Punishment
	If the candidate:	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible	Expulsion from the examination hall
	in examination hall, any paper,	and cancellation of the
	note book, programmable	performance in that subject only.
	calculators, Cell phones, pager,	
	palm computers or any other	
	form of material concerned	
	with or related to the subject	
	of the examination (theory or	
	practical) in which he is	
	appearing but has not made	
	use of (material shall include	
	any marks on the body of the	
	candidate which can be used	
	as an aid in the subject of the	
	examination)	
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance	Expulsion from the examination hall
	or receives it from any other	and cancellation of the
	candidate orally or by any	performance in that subject only of
	other body language methods	all the candidates involved. In case
	or communicates through cell	of an outsider, he will be handed
	phones with any candidate or	over to the police and a case is
	persons in or outside the exam	registered against him.
	hall in respect of any matter.	
2.	Has copied in the examination	Expulsion from the examination hall
	hall from any paper, book,	and cancellation of the
	programmable calculators,	performance in that subject and all
	palm computers or any other	other subjects the candidate has
	form of material relevant to the	already appeared including
	subject of the examination	practical examinations and project

	(theory or practical) in which	work and shall not be permitted to
	the candidate is appearing.	appear for the remaining
		examinations of the subjects of that
		Semester/year. The Hall Ticket of
		the candidate is to be cancelled
		and sent to the University.
3.	Impersonates any other	The candidate who has
	candidate in connection with	impersonated shall be expelled from
	the examination.	examination hall. The candidate is
		also debarred and forfeits the seat.
		The performance of the original
		candidate who has been
		impersonated, shall be cancelled in
		all the subjects of the examination
		(including practicals and project
		work) already appeared and shall
		not be allowed to appear for
		examinations of the remaining
		subjects of that semester/year. The
		candidate is also debarred for two
		consecutive semesters from class
		work and all University
		examinations. The continuation of
		the course by the candidate is
		subject to the academic regulations
		in connection with forfeiture of
		seat. If the imposter is an outsider,
		he will be handed over to the police
		and a case is registered against him.
4.	Smuggles in the Answer book	Expulsion from the examination hall
	or additional sheet or takes out	and cancellation of performance in
	or arranges to send out the	that subject and all the other
	question paper during the	subjects the candidate has already
	examination or answer book or	appeared including practical
	additional sheet, during or after	examinations and project work and

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	the examination.	shall not be permitted for the
		remaining examinations of the
		subjects of that semester/year. The
		candidate is also debarred for two
		consecutive semesters from class
		work and all University
		examinations. The continuation of
		the course by the candidate is
		subject to the academic regulations
		in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or	Cancellation of the performance in
	offensive language in the	that subject.
	answer paper or in letters to the	
	examiners or writes to the	
	examiner requesting him to	
	award pass marks.	
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of	In case of students of the college,
	the Chief Superintendent/	they shall be expelled from
	Assistant – Superintendent /	examination halls and cancellation of
	any officer on duty or	their performance in that subject and
	misbehaves or creates	all other subjects the candidate(s)
	disturbance of any kind in and	has (have) already appeared and
	around the examination hall or	shall not be permitted to appear for
	organizes a walk out or	the remaining examinations of the
	instigates others to walk out,	subjects of that semester/year. The
	or threatens the officer-in	candidates also are debarred and
	charge or any person on duty	forfeit their seats. In case of
	in or outside the examination	outsiders, they will be handed over
	hall of any injury to his person	to the police and a police case is
	or to any of his relations	registered against them.
	whether by words, either	
	spoken or written or by signs	
	or by visible representation,	
	assaults the officer-in-charge,	
	or any person on duty in or	

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	outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining

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		examinations of the subjects of that
		semester/year. The candidate is
		also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who	Student of the colleges expulsion
	is not a candidate for the	from the examination hall and
	particular examination or any	cancellation of the performance in
	person not connected with the	that subject and all other subjects
	college indulges in any	the candidate has already appeared
	malpractice or improper	including practical examinations
	conduct mentioned in clause 6	and project work and shall not be
	to 8.	permitted for the remaining
		examinations of the subjects of that
		semester/year. The candidate is also
		debarred and forfeits the seat.
		Person(s) who do not belong to the
		College will be handed over to police
		and, a police case will be registered
		against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition	Expulsion from the examination hall
	to the examination hall.	and cancellation of the
		performance in that subject and all
		other subjects the candidate has
		already appeared including
		practical examinations and project
		work and shall not be permitted for
		the remaining examinations of the
		subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis	Cancellation of the performance in
	of internal evidence, such as,	that subject and all other subjects
	during valuation or during	the candidate has appeared
	special scrutiny.	including practical examinations
		and project work of that semester/
		year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected	
	which is not covered in the	
	above clauses 1 to 11 shall be	
	reported to the University for further action	
	to award suitable punishment.	

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Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

- 1. Punishments to the candidates as per the above guidelines.
- 2. Punishment for institutions : (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
 - (i) A show cause notice shall be issued to the college.
 - (ii) Impose a suitable fine on the college.
 - (iii) Shifting the examination centre from the college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

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Prohibition of ragging in educational institutions Act 26 of 1997

Salient Features

- \Rightarrow Ragging within or outside any educational institution is prohibited.
- ➡ Ragging means doing an act which causes or is likely to cause Insult or Annoyance of Fear or Apprehension or Threat or Intimidation or outrage of modesty or Injury to a student

	Imprisonment upto		Fine Upto
Teasing, Embarrassing and Humiliation	O ^{ra} ⁶ Months	+	Rs. 1,000/-
Assaulting or Using Criminal force or Criminal intimidation	1 Year	+	Rs. 2,000/-
Wrongfully restraining or confining or causing hurt	2 Years	+	Rs. 5,000/-
Causing grievous hurt, kidnapping or Abducts or rape or committing unnatural offence	5 Years	+	Rs.10,000/-
Causing death or abetting suicide	O ⁿ lo Months	+	Rs. 50,000/-
In Case of Emerge	ncy CALL TOLL FRE	EE NO. :	1800 - 425 - 1288

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA

KAKINADA-533003, Andhra Pradesh (India) For Constituent Colleges and Affiliated Colleges of JNTUK



ABSOLUTELY NO TO RAGGING

- Ragging is prohibited as per Act 26 of A.P. Legislative Assembly, 1997.
- 2. Ragging entails heavy fines and/or imprisonment.
- 3. Ragging invokes suspension and dismissal from the College.
- 4. Outsiders are prohibited from entering the College and Hostel without permission.
- 5. Girl students must be in their hostel rooms by 7.00 p.m.
- 6. All the students must carry their Identity Card and show them when demanded
- 7. The Principal and the Wardens may visit the Hostels and inspect the rooms any time.



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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Specialization: Communication Systems <u>COURSE STRUCTURE</u>

I SEMESTER

S.No	Name of the Subject	L	Р	С
1	1. Digital System Design	4	-	3
2	2. Detection & Estimation Theory	4	-	3
3	3. Digital Data Communications	4	-	3
4	4. Advanced Digital Signal Processing	4	-	3
5	Elective I	4	-	3
	1. Transform Techniques			
	2. VLSI Technology & Design			
6	Elective II			
	1. Statistical Signal Processing	4	-	3
	2. Optical Communication Technology			
7	Laboratory			
	1. Design & Simulation Lab	-	3	2
	TOTAL			20

II SE	/IESTER			
1	1. Coding Theory & Applications	4	-	3
2	2. Embedded Real Time Operating System	s 4	-	3
3	3. Image and Video Processing	4	-	3
4	4. Wireless Communications & Networks	4	-	3
5	Elective III			
	1. CMOS Analog & Digital IC Design	4	-	3
	2. Advanced Computer Architecture			
6	Elective IV			
	1. DSP Processors and Architectures	4	-	3
	2. EMI / EMC			
7	Laboratory			
	1. Advanced Communications Laboratory	-	3	2

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III – S	III – SEMESTER				
1	Seminar	_	_	2	
2	Project	_	_	18	
	Total			20	

IV - SEMESTER

1	Seminar	_	_	2
2	Project (Continued)	_	_	18
	Total			20

The project will be evaluated at the end of the IV Semester

SYLLABUS

1-1	L	Р	Credits	
	4	-	3	
DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN				

UNIT-I

Minimization Procedures and CAMPAlgorithm:

Review on minimization of switching functions using tabular methods, k-map, QM algorithm, CAMP-I algorithm, Phase-I: Determination of Adjacencies, DA, CSC, SSMs and EPCs,, CAMP-I algorithm, Phase-II: Passport checking, Determination of SPC, CAMP-II algorithm: Determination of solution cube, Cube based operations, determination of selected cubes are wholly within the given switching function or not, Introduction to cube based algorithms.

UNIT-II

PLA Design, Minimization and Folding Algorithms:

Introduction to PLDs, basic configurations and advantages of PLDs, PLA-Introduction, Block diagram of PLA, size of PLA, PLA design aspects, PLA minimization algorithm(IISc algorithm), PLA folding algorithm(COMPACT algorithm)-Illustration of algorithms with suitable examples.

UNIT-III

Design of Large Scale Digital Systems:

Algorithmic state machine charts-Introduction, Derivation of SM Charts, Realization of SM Chart, control implementation, control unit design, data processor design, ROM design, PAL design aspects, digital system design approaches using CPLDs, FPGAs and ASICs.

UNIT-IV

Fault Diagnosis in Combinational Circuits:

Faults classes and models, fault diagnosis and testing, fault detection test, test generation, testing process, obtaining a minimal complete test set, circuit under test methods- Path sensitization method, Boolean

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difference method, properties of Boolean differences, Kohavi algorithm, faults in PLAs, DFT schemes, built in self-test.

UNIT-V

Fault Diagnosis in Sequential Circuits:

Fault detection and location in sequential circuits, circuit test approach, initial state identification, Haming experiments, synchronizing experiments, machine identification, distinguishing experiment, adaptive distinguishing experiments.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Logic Design Theory-N. N. Biswas, PHI
- Switching and Finite Automata Theory-Z. Kohavi , 2nd Edition, 2001, TMH
- 3. Digital system Design using PLDd-Lala

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Fundamentals of Logic Design Charles H. Roth, 5th Ed., Cengage Learning.
- Digital Systems Testing and Testable Design Miron Abramovici, Melvin A.Breuer and Arthur D. Friedman- John Wiley & Sons Inc.

-	L	Р	Credits	
	4	-	3	
DETECTION AND ESTIMATION THEORY				

UNIT-I

Random Processes:

Discrete Linear Models, Markov Sequences and Processes, Point Processes, and Gaussian Processes.

UNIT-II

Detection Theory:

Basic Detection Problem, Maximum A posteriori Decision Rule, Minimum Probability of Error Classifier, Bayes Decision Rule, Multiple-Class Problem (Bayes)- minimum probability error with and without equal a priori probabilities, Neyman-Pearson Classifier, General Calculation of Probability of Error, General Gaussian Problem, Composite Hypotheses.

UNIT-III

Linear Minimum Mean-Square Error Filtering:

Linear Minimum Mean Squared Error Estimators, Nonlinear Minimum Mean Squared Error Estimators. Innovations, Digital Wiener Filters with Stored Data, Real-time Digital Wiener Filters, Kalman Filters.

UNIT-IV

Statistics:

Measurements, Nonparametric Estimators of Probability Distribution and Density Functions, Point Estimators of Parameters, Measures of the Quality of Estimators, Introduction to Interval Estimates, Distribution of Estimators, Tests of Hypotheses, Simple Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression.

UNIT-V

Estimating the Parameters of Random Processes from Data:

Tests for Stationarity and Ergodicity, Model-free Estimation, Modelbased Estimation of Autocorrelation Functions, Power Special Density Functions.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Random Signals: Detection, Estimation and Data Analysis K. Sam Shanmugan & A.M. Breipohl, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2011.
- 2. Random Processes: Filtering, Estimation and Detection Lonnie C. Ludeman, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Fundamentals of Statistical Signal Processing: Volume I Estimation Theory– Steven.M.Kay, Prentice Hall, USA, 1998.
- 2. Fundamentals of Statistical Signal Processing: Volume I Detection Theory– Steven.M.Kay, Prentice Hall, USA, 1998.
- 3. Introduction to Statistical Signal Processing with Applications Srinath, Rajasekaran, Viswanathan, 2003, PHI.
- 4. Statistical Signal Processing: Detection, Estimation and Time Series Analysis – Louis L.Scharf, 1991, Addison Wesley.
- 5. Detection, Estimation and Modulation Theory: Part I Harry L. Van Trees, 2001, John Wiley & Sons, USA.
- Signal Processing: Discrete Spectral Analysis Detection & Estimation – Mischa Schwartz, Leonard Shaw, 1975, Mc Graw Hill.

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-	L	Р	Credits
	4	-	3
DIGITAL	DATA COM	MUNICATIO	ONS

UNIT-I

Digital Modulation Schemes:

BPSK, QPSK, 8PSK, 16PSK, 8QAM, 16QAM, DPSK – Methods, Band Width Efficiency, Carrier Recovery, Clock Recovery.

UNIT-II

Basic Concepts of Data Communications, Interfaces and Modems:

Data Communication Networks, Protocols and Standards, UART, USB, I2C, I2S, Line Configuration, Topology, Transmission Modes, Digital Data Transmission, DTE-DCE interface, Categories of Networks – TCP/ IP Protocol suite and Comparison with OSI model.

UNIT-III

Error Correction: Types of Errors, Vertical Redundancy Check (VRC), LRC, CRC, Checksum, Error Correction using Hamming code

Data Link Control: Line Discipline, Flow Control, Error Control

Data Link Protocols: Asynchronous Protocols, Synchronous Protocols, Character Oriented Protocols, Bit-Oriented Protocol, Link Access Procedures.

UNIT-IV

Multiplexing: Frequency Division Multiplexing (FDM), Time Division Multiplexing (TDM), Multiplexing Application, DSL.

Local Area Networks: Ethernet, Other Ether Networks, Token Bus, Token Ring, FDDI.

Metropolitan Area Networks: IEEE 802.6, SMDS

Switching: Circuit Switching, Packet Switching, Message Switching.

Networking and Interfacing Devices: Repeaters, Bridges, Routers, Gateway, Other Devices.

UNIT-V

Multiple Access Techniques:

Random Access, Aloha- Carrier Sense Multiple Access (CSMA)- Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance (CSMA/CA), Controlled Access- Reservation- Polling- Token Passing, Channelization, Frequency-Division Multiple Access (FDMA), Time -Division Multiple Access (TDMA), Code - Division Multiple Access (CDMA), OFDM and OFDMA.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Data Communication and Computer Networking B. A.Forouzan, 2nd 1. Ed., 2003, TMH.
- Advanced Electronic Communication Systems W. Tomasi, 5th Ed., 2008, 2. PEI.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Data Communications and Computer Networks Prakash C. Gupta, 1. 2006, PHI.
- Data and Computer Communications William Stallings, 8th Ed., 2007, 2. PHI.
- Data Communication and Tele Processing Systems -T. Housely, 2nd Ed, 3. 2008, BSP.
- Data Communications and Computer Networks- Brijendra Singh, 2nd 4. Ed., 2005, PHI.

-	L	Р	Credits	
	4	-	3	
ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING				

UNIT-I

Review of DFT, FFT, IIR Filters and FIR Filters:

Multi Rate Signal Processing: Introduction, Decimation by a factor D, Interpolation by a factor I, Sampling rate conversion by a rational factor I/D, Multistage Implementation of Sampling Rate Conversion, Filter design & Implementation for sampling rate conversion.

UNIT-II

Applications of Multi Rate Signal Processing:

Design of Phase Shifters, Interfacing of Digital Systems with Different Sampling Rates, Implementation of Narrow Band Low Pass Filters, Implementation of Digital Filter Banks, Sub-band Coding of Speech Signals, Quadrature Mirror Filters, Trans-multiplexers, Over Sampling A/D and D/A Conversion.

UNIT-III

Non-Parametric Methods of Power Spectral Estimation: Estimation of spectra from finite duration observation of signals, Non-parametric Methods: Bartlett, Welch & Blackman-Tukey methods, Comparison of all Non-Parametric methods

UNIT-IV

Implementation of Digital Filters:

Introduction to filter structures (IIR & FIR), Frequency sampling structures of FIR, Lattice structures, Forward prediction error, Backward prediction error, Reflection coefficients for lattice realization, Implementation of lattice structures for IIR filters, Advantages of lattice structures.

UNIT-V

Parametric Methods of Power Spectrum Estimation: Autocorrelation & Its Properties, Relation between auto correlation & model parameters, AR Models - Yule-Walker & Burg Methods, MA & ARMA models for *www.universityupdates.in || www.android.universityupdates.in*

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power spectrum estimation, Finite word length effect in IIR digital Filters – Finite word-length effects in FFT algorithms.

TEXT BOOKS

- Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms & Applications -J.G.Proakis & D. G. Manolakis, 4th Ed., PHI.
- 2. Discrete Time Signal Processing Alan V Oppenheim & R. W Schaffer, PHI.
- DSP A Practical Approach Emmanuel C. Ifeacher, Barrie. W. Jervis, 2 Ed., Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Modern Spectral Estimation: Theory & Application S. M.Kay, 1988, PHI.
- 2. Multi Rate Systems and Filter Banks P.P.Vaidyanathan Pearson Education.
- Digital Signal Processing S.Salivahanan, A.Vallavaraj, C.Gnanapriya, 2000,TMH
- 4. Digital Spectral Analysis Jr. Marple

-	L	Р	Credits		
	4	-	3		
(ELECTIVE – I)					
TRANSFORM TECHNIQUES					

UNIT-I

Fourier Analysis: Fourier series, Examples, Fourier Transform, Properties of Fourier Transform, Examples of Fourier transform, sampling theorem, Partial sum and Gibbs phenomenon, Fourier analysis of Discrete time Signals, Discrete Fourier Transform.

Time – Frequency Analysis: Window function, Short Time Fourier Transform, Discrete Short Time Fourier Transform, Continuous wavelet transform, Discrete wavelet transform, wavelet series, Interpretations of the Time-Frequency plot.

UNIT-II

Transforms: Walsh, Hadamard, Haar and Slant Transforms, DCT, DST, KLT, Singular value Decomposition – definition, properties and applications

UNIT-III

Continuous Wavelet Transform (CWT): Short comings of STFT, Need for wavelets, Wavelet Basis- Concept of Scale and its relation with frequency, Continuous time wavelet Transform Equation- Series Expansion using Wavelets- CWT- Tiling of time scale plane for CWT. Important Wavelets: Haar, Mexican Hat, Meyer, Shannon, Daubechies.

UNIT-IV

Multi Rate Analysis and DWT: Need for Scaling function – Multi Resolution Analysis, Two-Channel Filter Banks, Perfect Reconstruction Condition, Relationship between Filter Banks and Wavelet Basis, DWT, Structure of DWT Filter Banks, Daubechies Wavelet Function, Applications of DWT.

UNIT-V

Wavelet Packets and Lifting: Wavelet Packet Transform, Wavelet packet algorithms, Thresholding-Hard thresholding, Soft thresholding,

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Multidimensional Wavelets, Bi-orthogonal basis- B-Splines, Lifting Scheme of Wavelet Generation, Multi Wavelets

TEXT BOOKS:

- A Wavelet Tour of Signal Processing theory and applications -Raghuveer M.Rao and Ajit S. Bopardikar, Pearson Edu, Asia, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2. K.P.Soman and K.I Ramachandran, "Insight into Wavelets from theory to practice" PHI, Second edition, 2008

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Fundamentals of Wavelets- Theory, Algorithms and Applications -Jaideva C Goswami, Andrew K Chan, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, Singapore, 1999.
- Jaideva C.Goswami and Andrew K.Chan, "Fundamentals of Wavelets" Wiley publishers, 2006
- A Wavelet Tour of Signal Processing-Stephen G. Mallat, Academic Press, 2 Ed
- Digital Image Processing S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veera Kumar – TMH,2009

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	(ELECTIV	$\overline{\mathbf{E}-\mathbf{I}}$		
VLSI TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN				

UNIT-I

VLSI Technology: Fundamentals and applications, IC production process, semiconductor processes, design rules and process parameters, layout techniques and process parameters.

VLSI Design: Electronic design automation concept, ASIC and FPGA design flows, SOC designs, design technologies: combinational design techniques, sequential design techniques, state machine logic design techniques and design issues.

UNIT-II

CMOS VLSI Design: MOS Technology and fabrication process of pMOS, nMOS, CMOS and BiCMOS technologies, comparison of different processes.

Building Blocks of a VLSI circuit: Computer architecture, memory architectures, communication interfaces, mixed signal interfaces.

VLSI Design Issues: Design process, design for testability, technology options, power calculations, package selection, clock mechanisms, mixed signal design.

UNIT-III

Basic electrical properties of MOS and BiCMOS circuits, MOS and BiCMOS circuit design processes, Basic circuit concepts, scaling of MOS circuits-qualitative and quantitative analysis with proper illustrations and necessary derivations of expressions.

UNIT-IV

Subsystem Design and Layout: Some architectural issues, switch logic, gate logic, examples of structured design (combinational logic), some clocked sequential circuits, other system considerations.

Subsystem Design Processes: Some general considerations and an illustration of design processes, design of an ALU subsystem.

32 UNIT-V

Floor Planning: Introduction, Floor planning methods, off-chip connections.

Architecture Design: Introduction, Register-Transfer design, highlevel synthesis, architectures for low power, architecture testing.

Chip Design: Introduction and design methodologies.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Essentials of VLSI Circuits and Systems, K. Eshraghian, Douglas A. Pucknell, Sholeh Eshraghian, 2005, PHI Publications.
- 2. Modern VLSI Design-Wayne Wolf, 3rd Ed., 1997, Pearson Education.
- 3. VLSI Design-Dr.K.V.K.K.Prasad, Kattula Shyamala, Kogent Learning Solutions Inc., 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. VLSI Design Technologies for Analog and Digital Circuits, Randall L.Geiger, Phillip E.Allen, Noel R.Strader, TMH Publications, 2010.
- Introduction to VLSI Systems: A Logic, Circuit and System Perspective-Ming-BO Lin, CRC Press, 2011.
- Principals of CMOS VLSI Design-N.H.E Weste, K. Eshraghian, 2nd Edition, Addison Wesley.

1-1	L	Р	Credits		
	4	-	3		
(ELECTIVE – II)					

STATISTICAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

UNIT-I

Signal models and characterization: Types and properties of statistical models for signals and how they relate to signal processing, Common second-order methods of characterizing signals including autocorrelation, partial correlation, cross-correlation, power spectral density and cross-power spectral density.

UNIT-II

Spectral estimation: Nonparametric methods for estimation of power spectral density, autocorreleation, cross-correlation, transfer functions, and coherence form finite signal samples.

UNIT-III

Review of signal processing: A review on random processes, Areview on filtering random processes, Examples.

Statistical parameter estimation: Maximum likehood estimation, maximum a posterior stimation, Cramer-Rao bound.

UNIT-IV

Eigen structure based requency estimation: Pisarenko, MUSIC, ESPRIT their application sensor array direction finding.

Spectrum estimation: Moving average (MA), Auto Regressive (AR), Auto Regressive Moving Average (ARMA), Various non-parametirc approaches.

UNIT-V

Wiener filtering: The finite impulse case, causal and non-causal infinite impulse responses cases, Least mean squares adaptation, recursive least squares adaptation, Kalman filtering.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Steven M.Kay, fundamentals of statistical signal processing: estimation Theory, Pretice-Hall, 1993.
- Monsoon H. Hayes, Stastical digital signal processing and modeling, USA, Wiley, 1996.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

 Dimitris G.Manolakis, Vinay K. Ingle, and Stephen M. Kogon, Statistical and adaptive signal processing, Artech House, Inc,2005, ISBN 1580536107

1-1	L	Р	Credits		
	4	-	3		
(ELECTIVE -II)					
STATISTICAL SIGNAL PROCESSING					

UNIT-I

Signal propagation in Optical Fibers: Geometrical Optics approach and Wave Theory approach, Loss and Bandwidth, Chromatic Dispersion, Non Linear effects- Stimulated Brillouin and Stimulated Raman Scattering, Propagation in a Non-Linear Medium, Self-Phase Modulation and Cross Phase Modulation, Four Wave Mixing, Principle of Solitons.

UNIT-II

Fiber Optic Components for Communication & Networking: Couplers, Isolators and Circulators, Multiplexers, Bragg Gratings, Fabry-Perot Filters, Mach Zender Interferometers, Arrayed Waveguide Grating, Tunable Filters, High Channel Count Multiplexer Architectures, Optical Amplifiers, Direct and External Modulation Transmitters, Pump Sources for Amplifiers, Optical Switches and Wavelength Converters.

UNIT-III

Modulation and Demodulation: Signal formats for Modulation, Subcarrier Modulation and Multiplexing, Optical Modulations – Duobinary, Single Side Band and Multilevel Schemes, Ideal and Practical receivers for Demodulation, Bit Error Rates, Timing Recovery and Equalization, Reed-Solomon Codes for Error Detection and Correction.

UNIT-IV

Transmission System Engineering: System Model, Power Penalty in Transmitter and Receiver, Optical Amplifiers, Crosstalk and Reduction of Crosstalk, Cascaded Filters, Dispersion Limitations and Compensation Techniques.

UNIT-V

Fiber Non-linearities and System Design Considerations: Limitation in High Speed and WDM Systems due to Non-linearities in Fibers,

Wavelength Stabilization against Temperature Variations, Overall System Design considerations – Fiber Dispersion, Modulation, Non-Linear Effects, Wavelengths, All Optical Networks.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Optical Networks: A Practical Perspective Rajiv Ramaswami and Kumar N. Sivarajan, 2nd Ed., 2004, Elsevier Morgan Kaufmann Publishers (An Imprint of Elsevier).
- Optical Fiber Communications Gerd Keiser, 3rd Ed., 2000, McGraw Hill.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Optical Fiber Communications: Principles and Practice John.M.Senior, 2nd Ed., 2000, PE.
- 2. Fiber Optics Communication Harold Kolimbris, 2nd Ed., 2004, PEI
- Optical Networks: Third Generation Transport Systems Uyless Black, 2nd Ed., 2009, PEI
- 4. Optical Fiber Communications Govind Agarwal, 2nd Ed., 2004, TMH.
- 5. Optical Fiber Communications and Its Applications S.C.Gupta, 2004, PHI.

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-	L	Р	Credits	
	4	-	3	
DESIGN AND SIMULATION LABORATORY				

PART-A: VLSI Lab (Front-end Environment)

- The students are required to design the logic circuit to perform the following experiments using necessary simulator (Xilinx ISE Simulator/ Mentor Graphics Questa Simulator) to verify the logical /functional operation and to perform the analysis with appropriate synthesizer (Xilinx ISE Synthesizer/Mentor Graphics Precision RTL) and then verify the implemented logic with different hardware modules/kits (CPLD/FPGA kits).
- The students are required to acquire the knowledge in both the Platforms (Xilinx and Mentor graphics) by perform at least FOUR experiments on each Platform.

List of Experiments:

- 1. Realization of Logic gates.
- 2. Parity Encoder.
- 3. Random Counter.
- 4. Synchronous RAM.
- 5. ALU.
- 6. UART Model.
- 7. Traffic Light Controller using Sequential Logic circuits
- 8. Finite State Machine (FSM) based logic circuit.

PART-B: VLSI Lab (Back-end Environment)

• The students are required to design and implement the Layout of the following experiments of any THREE using CMOS 130nm Technology with Mentor Graphics Tool.

DECS, ECE, DECE List of Experiments:

- 1. Inverter Characteristics.
- 2. Full Adder.
- 3. RS-Latch, D-Latch and Clock Divider.
- 4. Synchronous Counter and Asynchronous Counter.
- 5. Digital-to-Analog-Converter.
- 6. Analog-to-Digital Converter.

LAB REQUIREMENTS FOR PART-AAND PART-B:

Software: Xilinx ISE Suite 13.2 Version, Mentor Graphics-Questa Simulator, Mentor Graphics-Precision RTL, Mentor Graphics Back End/Tanner Software tool.

Hardware: Personal Computer with necessary peripherals, configuration and operating System and relevant VLSI (CPLD/FPGA) hardware Kits.

PART-C: Embedded Systems Laboratory

- The Students are required to write the programs using C-Language according to the Experiment requirements using RTOS Library Functions and macros ARM-926 developer kits.
- The following experiments are required to develop the algorithms, flow diagrams, source code and perform the compilation, execution and implement the same using necessary hardware kits for verification. The programs developed for the implementation should be at the level of an embedded system design.
- The students are required to perform at least THREE experiments.

List of Experiments: (using ARM-926 with PERFECT RTOS)

- 1. Register a new command in CLI.
- 2. Create a new Task.
- 3. Interrupt handling.
- 4. Allocate resource using semaphores.

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- 5. Share resource using MUTEX.
- 6. Avoid deadlock using BANKER'S algorithm.

Lab Requirements for PART-C:

Software:

- (i) Eclipse IDE for C and C++ (YAGARTO Eclipse IDE), Perfect RTOS Library
- (ii) LINUX Environment for the compilation using Eclipse IDE & Java with latest version.

Hardware:

- (i) The development kits of ARM-926 Developer Kits Boards.
- (ii) Serial Cables, Network Cables and recommended power supply for the board.

–	L	Р	Credits
	4	-	3
CODING THEORY AND APPLICATIONS			

UNIT-I

Coding for Reliable Digital Transmission and Storage: Mathematical model of Information, A Logarithmic Measure of Information, Average and Mutual Information and Entropy, Types of Errors, Error Control Strategies.

Linear Block Codes: Introduction to Linear Block Codes, Syndrome and Error Detection, Minimum Distance of a Block code, Error-Detecting and Error-correcting Capabilities of a Block code, Standard array and Syndrome Decoding, Probability of an undetected error for Linear Codes over a BSC, Hamming Codes. Applications of Block codes for Error control in data storage system

UNIT-II

Cyclic Codes: Description, Generator and Parity-check Matrices, Encoding, Syndrome Computation and Error Detection, Decoding, Cyclic Hamming Codes, Shortened cyclic codes, Error-trapping decoding for cyclic codes, Majority logic decoding for cyclic codes.

UNIT-III

Convolutional Codes: Encoding of Convolutional Codes, Structural and Distance Properties, maximum likelihood decoding, Sequential decoding, Majority- logic decoding of Convolution codes. Application of Viterbi Decoding and Sequential Decoding, Applications of Convolutional codes in ARQ system.

UNIT-IV

Burst –Error-Correcting Codes: Decoding of Single-Burst error Correcting Cyclic codes, Single-Burst-Error-Correcting Cyclic codes, Burst-Error-Correcting Convolutional Codes, Bounds on Burst Error-Correcting Capability, Interleaved Cyclic and Convolutional Codes, Phased-Burst –Error-Correcting Cyclic and Convolutional codes.

UNIT-V

BCH – Codes: BCH code- Definition, Minimum distance and BCH Bounds, Decoding Procedure for BCH Codes- Syndrome Computation and Iterative Algorithms, Error Location Polynomials and Numbers for single and double error correction

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Error Control Coding- Fundamentals and Applications Shu Lin, Daniel J.Costello, Jr, Prentice Hall, Inc.
- 2. Error Correcting Coding Theory-Man Young Rhee- 1989, McGraw-Hill Publishing.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Digital Communications-Fundamental and Application Bernard Sklar, PE.
- 2. Digital Communications- John G. Proakis, 5th Ed., 2008, TMH.
- 3. Introduction to Error Control Codes-Salvatore Gravano-oxford
- Error Correction Coding Mathematical Methods and Algorithms Todd K.Moon, 2006, Wiley India.
- Information Theory, Coding and Cryptography Ranjan Bose, 2nd Ed, 2009, TMH.

I – II	L	Р	Credits	
	4	-	3	
EMBEDDED REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS				

UNIT-I

Introduction OS Services, Process Management, Timer Functions, Event Functions, Memory Management, Device, File and IO Systems Management, Interrupt Routines in RTOS Environment and Handling of Interrupt Source Calls, Real-Time Operating Systems, Basic Design Using an RTOS, RTOS Task Scheduling Models, Interrupt Latency and Response of the Tasks as Performance Metrics, OS Security Issues.

UNIT-II

RTOS Programming Basic Functions and Types of RTOS for Embedded Systems, RTOS mCOS-II, RTOS Vx Works, Programming concepts of above RTOS with relevant Examples, Programming concepts of RTOS Windows CE, RTOS OSEK, RTOS Linux 2.6.x and RTOS RTLinux.

UNIT-III

Program Modeling – Case Studies Case study of embedded system design and coding for an Automatic Chocolate Vending Machine (ACVM) Using Mucos RTOS, case study of digital camera hardware and software architecture, case study of coding for sending application layer byte streams on a TCP/IP Network Using RTOS Vx Works, Case Study of Embedded System for an Adaptive Cruise Control (ACC) System in Car, Case Study of Embedded System for a Smart Card, Case Study of Embedded System of Mobile Phone Software for Key Inputs.

UNIT-IV

Target Image Creation & Programming in Linux Off-The-Shelf Operating Systems, Operating System Software, Target Image Creation for Window XP Embedded, Porting RTOS on a Micro Controller based Development Board.

Overview and programming concepts of Unix/Linux Programming, Shell Programming, System Programming.

42 UNIT-V

Programming in RT Linux Overview of RT Linux, Core RT Linux API, Program to display a message periodically, semaphore management, Mutex, Management, Case Study of Appliance Control by RT Linux System.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Dr. K.V.K.K. Prasad: "Embedded/Real-Time Systems" Dream Tech Publications, Black pad book.
- 2. Rajkamal: "Embedded Systems-Architecture, Programming and Design", Tata McGraw Hill Publications, Second Edition, 2008.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Labrosse, "Embedding system building blocks ", CMP publishers.
- 2. Rob Williams," Real time Systems Development", Butterworth Heinemann Publications.

I – II		L	Р	Credits
		4	-	3
IMAGE AND VIDEO PROCESSING				

UNIT-I

Fundamentals of Image Processing and Image Transforms:

Introduction, Image sampling, Quantization, Resolution, Image file formats, Elements of image processing system, Applications of Digital image processing

Introduction, Need for transform, image transforms, Fourier transform, 2 D Discrete Fourier transform and its transforms, Importance of phase, Walsh transform, Hadamard transform, Haar transform, slant transform Discrete cosine transform, KL transform, singular value decomposition, Radon transform, comparison of different image transforms.

UNIT-II

Image Enhancement: Spatial domain methods: Histogram processing, Fundamentals of Spatial filtering, Smoothing spatial filters, Sharpening spatial filters.

Frequency domain methods: Basics of filtering in frequency domain, image smoothing, image sharpening, Selective filtering.

Image Restoration: Introduction to Image restoration, Image degradation, Types of image blur, Classification of image restoration techniques, Image restoration model, Linear and Nonlinear image restoration techniques, Blind deconvolution

UNIT-III

Image Segmentation: Introduction to image segmentation, Point, Line and Edge Detection, Region based segmentation., Classification of segmentation techniques, Region approach to image segmentation, clustering techniques, Image segmentation based on thresholding, Edge based segmentation, Edge detection and linking, Hough transform, Active contour

Image Compression: Introduction, Need for image compression, Redundancy in images, Classification of redundancy in images, image www.universityupdates.in // www.android.universityupdates.in www.universityupdates.in // www.android.universityupdates.in

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compression scheme, Classification of image compression schemes, Fundamentals of information theory, Run length coding, Shannon – Fano coding, Huffman coding, Arithmetic coding, Predictive coding, Transformed based compression, Image compression standard, Wavelet-based image compression, JPEG Standards.

UNIT-IV

Basic Steps of Video Processing: Analog Video, Digital Video. Time-Varying Image Formation models: Three-Dimensional Motion Models, Geometric Image Formation, Photometric Image Formation, Sampling of Video signals, Filtering operations.

UNIT-V

2-D Motion Estimation: Optical flow, General Methodologies, Pixel Based Motion Estimation, Block- Matching Algorithm, Mesh based Motion Estimation, Global Motion Estimation, Region based Motion Estimation, Multi resolution motion estimation, Waveform based coding, Block based transform coding, Predictive coding, Application of motion estimation in Video coding.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Digital Image Processing Gonzaleze and Woods, 3rd Ed., Pearson.
- Video Processing and Communication Yao Wang, Joem Ostermann and Ya–quin Zhang. 1st Ed., PH Int.
- 3. S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan and T.VeeraKumar, "Digital Image processing, Tata Mc Graw Hill publishers, 2009.

REFRENCE BOOKS:

- Digital Image Processing and Analysis-Human and Computer Vision Application with CVIP Tools – Scotte Umbaugh, 2nd Ed, CRC Press, 2011.
- 2. Digital Video Processing M. Tekalp, Prentice Hall International.
- Digital Image Processing S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veera Kumar – TMH, 200911
- Multidimentional Signal, Image and Video Processing and Coding John Woods, 2nd Ed, Elsevier.
- 5. Digital Image Processing with MATLAB and Labview Vipula Singh, Elsevier.
- Video Demystified A Hand Book for the Digital Engineer Keith Jack, 5th Ed., Elsevier.

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WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS AND NETWORKS				

UNIT-I

The Cellular Concept-System Design Fundamentals: Introduction, Frequency Reuse, Channel Assignment Strategies, Handoff Strategies-Prioritizing Handoffs, Practical Handoff Considerations, Interference and system capacity – Co channel Interference and system capacity, Channel planning for Wireless Systems, Adjacent Channel interference , Power Control for Reducing interference, Trunking and Grade of Service, Improving Coverage & Capacity in Cellular Systems- Cell Splitting, Sectoring.

UNIT-II

Mobile Radio Propagation: Large-Scale Path Loss: Introduction to Radio Wave Propagation, Free Space Propagation Model, Relating Power to Electric Field, The Three Basic Propagation Mechanisms, Reflection-Reflection from Dielectrics, Brewster Angle, Reflection from prefect conductors, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction-Fresnel Zone Geometry, Knife-edge Diffraction Model, Multiple knifeedge Diffraction, Scattering, Outdoor Propagation Models- Longley-Ryce Model, Okumura Model, Hata Model, PCS Extension to Hata Model, Walfisch and Bertoni Model, Wideband PCS Microcell Model, Indoor Propagation Models-Partition losses (Same Floor), Partition losses between Floors, Log-distance path loss model, Ericsson Multiple Breakpoint Model, Attenuation Factor Model, Signal penetration into buildings, Ray Tracing and Site Specific Modeling.

UNIT-III

Mobile Radio Propagation: Small –Scale Fading and Multipath Small Scale Multipath propagation-Factors influencing small scale fading, Doppler shift, Impulse Response Model of a multipath channel-Relationship between Bandwidth and Received power, Small-Scale Multipath Measurements-Direct RF Pulse System, Spread Spectrum Sliding Correlator Channel Sounding, Frequency Domain Channels

Sounding, Parameters of Mobile Multipath Channels-Time Dispersion Parameters, Coherence Bandwidth, Doppler Spread and Coherence Time, Types of Small-Scale Fading-Fading effects Due to Multipath Time Delay Spread, Flat fading, Frequency selective fading, Fading effects Due to Doppler Spread-Fast fading, slow fading, Statistical Models for multipath Fading Channels-Clarke's model for flat fading, spectral shape due to Doppler spread in Clarke's model, Simulation of Clarke and Gans Fading Model, Level crossing and fading statistics, Two-ray Rayleigh Fading Model.

UNIT-IV

Equalization and Diversity Introduction, Fundamentals of Equalization, Training A Generic Adaptive Equalizer, Equalizers in a communication Receiver, Linear Equalizers, Non-linear Equalization-Decision Feedback Equalization (DFE), Maximum Likelihood Sequence Estimation (MLSE) Equalizer, Algorithms for adaptive equalization-Zero Forcing Algorithm, Least Mean Square Algorithm, Recursive least squares algorithm. Diversity Techniques-Derivation of selection Diversity improvement, Derivation of Maximal Ratio Combining improvement, Practical Space Diversity, Maximal Ratio Combining, Equal Gain Combining, Polarization Diversity, Frequency Diversity, Time Diversity, RAKE Receiver.

UNIT-V

Wireless Networks Introduction to wireless Networks, Advantages and disadvantages of Wireless Local Area Networks, WLAN Topologies, WLAN Standard IEEE 802.11, IEEE 802.11 Medium Access Control, Comparision of IEEE 802.11 a,b,g and n standards, IEEE 802.16 and its enhancements, Wireless PANs, Hiper Lan, WLL.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Wireless Communications, Principles, Practice Theodore, S. Rappaport, 2nd Ed., 2002, PHI.
- 2. Wireless Communications-Andrea Goldsmith, 2005 Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Mobile Cellular Communication Gottapu Sasibhushana Rao, Pearson Education, 2012.

DECS, ECE, DECE REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Principles of Wireless Networks Kaveh Pah Laven and P. Krishna Murthy, 2002, PE
- 2. Wireless Digital Communications Kamilo Feher, 1999, PHI.
- 3. Wireless Communication and Networking William Stallings, 2003, PHI.
- 4. Wireless Communication Upen Dalal, Oxford Univ. Press
- 5. Wireless Communications and Networking Vijay K. Gary, Elsevier.

–	L	Р	Credits	
	4	-	3	
(ELECTIVE-III)				
CMOS ANALOG AND DIGITAL IC DESIGN				

UNIT-I

MOS Devices and Modeling The MOS Transistor, Passive Components-Capacitor & Resistor, Integrated circuit Layout, CMOS Device Modeling - Simple MOS Large-Signal Model, Other Model Parameters, Small-Signal Model for the MOS Transistor, Computer Simulation Models, Sub-threshold MOS Model.

MOS Design Pseudo NMOS Logic – Inverter, Inverter threshold voltage, Output high voltage, Output Low voltage, Gain at gate threshold voltage, Transient response, Rise time, Fall time, Pseudo NMOS logic gates, Transistor equivalency, CMOS Inverter logic.

UNIT-II

Combinational MOS Logic Circuits: MOS logic circuits with NMOS loads, Primitive CMOS logic gates – NOR & NAND gate, Complex Logic circuits design – Realizing Boolean expressions using NMOS gates and CMOS gates, AOI and OIA gates, CMOS full adder, CMOS transmission gates, Designing with Transmission gates.

Sequential MOS Logic Circuits Behaviour of bistable elements, SR Latch, Clocked latch and flip flop circuits, CMOS D latch and edge triggered flip-flop.

UNIT-III

Dynamic Logic Circuits Basic principle, Voltage Bootstrapping, Synchronous dynamic pass transistor circuits, Dynamic CMOS transmission gate logic, High performance Dynamic CMOS circuits.

Semiconductor Memories Types, RAM array organization, DRAM – Types, Operation, Leakage currents in DRAM cell and refresh operation, SRAM operation Leakage currents in SRAM cells, Flash Memory-NOR flash and NAND flash.

DECS, ECE, DECE UNIT-IV

Analog CMOS Sub-Circuits MOS Switch, MOS Diode, MOS Active Resistor, Current Sinks and Sources, Current Mirrors-Current mirror with Beta Helper, Degeneration, Cascode current Mirror and Wilson Current Mirror, Current and Voltage References, Band gap Reference.

UNIT-V

CMOS Amplifiers Inverters, Differential Amplifiers, Cascode Amplifiers, Current Amplifiers, Output Amplifiers, High Gain Amplifiers Architectures.

CMOS Operational Amplifiers Design of CMOS Op Amps, Compensation of Op Amps, Design of Two-Stage Op Amps, Power-Supply Rejection Ratio of Two-Stage Op Amps, Cascode Op Amps, Measurement Techniques of OP Amp.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Digital Integrated Circuit Design Ken Martin, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits Analysis and Design Sung-Mo Kang, Yusuf Leblebici, TMH, 3rd Ed., 2011.
- CMOS Analog Circuit Design Philip E. Allen and Douglas R. Holberg, Oxford University Press, International Second Edition/Indian Edition, 2010.
- 4. Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits- Paul R. Gray, Paul J. Hurst, S. Lewis and R. G. Meyer, Wiley India, Fifth Edition, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Analog Integrated Circuit Design- David A. Johns, Ken Martin, Wiley Student Edn, 2013.
- Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits- Behzad Razavi, TMH Edition.
- CMOS: Circuit Design, Layout and Simulation- Baker, Li and Boyce, PHI.
- Digital Integrated Circuits A Design Perspective, Jan M. Rabaey, Anantha Chandrakasan, Borivoje Nikolic, 2nd Ed., PHI.

1 – 11	L	Р	Credits
	4	-	3
	(ELECTIV	E-III)	
ADVANCED COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE			

UNIT-I

Fundamentals of Computer Design: Fundamentals of Computer design, Changing faces of computing and task of computer designer, Technology trends, Cost price and their trends, Measuring and reporting performance, Quantitative principles of computer design, Amdahl's law.

Instruction set principles and examples- Introduction, Classifying instruction set- MEmory addressing- type and size of operands, Operations in the instruction set.

UNIT-II

Pipelines: Introduction, Basic RISC instruction set, Simple implementation of RISC instruction set, Classic five stage pipe lined RISC processor, Basic performance issues in pipelining, Pipeline hazards, Reducing pipeline branch penalties.

Memory Hierarchy Design: Introduction, Review of ABC of cache, Cache performance, Reducing cache miss penalty, Virtual memory.

UNIT-III

Instruction Level Parallelism the Hardware Approach: Instruction-Level parallelism, Dynamic scheduling, Dynamic scheduling using Tomasulo's approach, Branch prediction, high performance instruction delivery- hardware based speculation.

ILP Software Approach Basic compiler level techniques, Static branch prediction, VLIW approach, Exploiting ILP, Parallelism at compile time, Cross cutting issues -Hardware verses Software.

UNIT-IV

Multi Processors and Thread Level Parallelism: Multi Processors and Thread level Parallelism- Introduction, Characteristics of

application domain, Systematic shared memory architecture, Distributed shared – memory architecture, Synchronization.

UNIT-V

Inter Connection and Networks: Introduction, Interconnection network media, Practical issues in interconnecting networks, Examples of inter connection, Cluster, Designing of clusters.

Intel Architecture: Intel IA-64 ILP in embedded and mobile markets Fallacies and pit falls.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John L. Hennessy, David A. Patterson - Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach, 3rd Edition, An Imprint of Elsevier.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- John P. Shen and Miikko H. Lipasti Modern Processor Design : Fundamentals of Super Scalar Processors
- 2. Computer Architecture and Parallel Processing Kai Hwang, Faye A.Brigs., MC Graw Hill.
- 3. Advanced Computer Architecture A Design Space Approach Dezso Sima, Terence Fountain, Peter Kacsuk , Pearson Ed.

–	L	Р	Credits	
	4	-	3	
(ELECTIVE -IV)				
DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSORS AND				
ARCHITECTURES				

UNIT-I

Introduction to Digital Signal Processing: Introduction, A Digital signal-processing system, The sampling process, Discrete time sequences. Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), Linear time-invariant systems, Digital filters, Decimation and interpolation.

Computational Accuracy in DSP Implementations: Number formats for signals and coefficients in DSP systems, Dynamic Range and Precision, Sources of error in DSP implementations, A/D Conversion errors, DSP Computational errors, D/A Conversion Errors, Compensating filter.

UNIT-II

Architectures for Programmable DSP Devices: Basic Architectural features, DSP Computational Building Blocks, Bus Architecture and Memory, Data Addressing Capabilities, Address Generation UNIT, Programmability and Program Execution, Speed Issues, Features for External interfacing.

UNIT-III

Programmable Digital Signal Processors:Commercial Digital signalprocessing Devices, Data Addressing modes of TMS320C54XX DSPs, Data Addressing modes of TMS320C54XX Processors, Memory space of TMS320C54XX Processors, Program Control, TMS320C54XX instructions and Programming, On-Chip Peripherals, Interrupts of TMS320C54XX processors, Pipeline operation of TMS320C54XX Processors.

UNIT-IV

Analog Devices Family of DSP Devices: Analog Devices Family of DSP Devices – ALU and MAC block diagram, Shifter Instruction, Base *www.universityupdates.in* // *www.android.universityupdates.in*

www.universityupdates.in // www.android.universityupdates.in

DECS, ECE, DECE

Architecture of ADSP 2100, ADSP-2181 high performance Processor. Introduction to Blackfin Processor - The Blackfin Processor, Introduction to Micro Signal Architecture, Overview of Hardware Processing Units and Register files, Address Arithmetic Unit, Control Unit, Bus Architecture and Memory, Basic Peripherals.

UNIT-V

Interfacing Memory and I/O Peripherals to Programmable DSP Devices: Memory space organization, External bus interfacing signals, Memory interface, Parallel I/O interface, Programmed I/O, Interrupts and I/O, Direct memory access (DMA).

TEXT BOOKS:

- Digital Signal Processing Avtar Singh and S. Srinivasan, Thomson Publications, 2004.
- A Practical Approach to Digital Signal Processing K Padmanabhan, R. Vijayarajeswaran, Ananthi. S, New Age International, 2006/2009
- 3. Embedded Signal Processing with the Micro Signal Architecture Publisher: Woon-Seng Gan, Sen M. Kuo, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2007

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Digital Signal Processors, Architecture, Programming and Applications

 B. Venkataramani and M. Bhaskar, 2002, TMH.
- 2. Digital Signal Processing Jonatham Stein, 2005, John Wiley.
- DSP Processor Fundamentals, Architectures & Features Lapsley et al. 2000, S. Chand & Co.
- Digital Signal Processing Applications Using the ADSP-2100 Family by The Applications Engineering Staff of Analog Devices, DSP Division, Edited by Amy Mar, PHI
- The Scientist and Engineer's Guide to Digital Signal Processing by Steven W. Smith, Ph.D., California Technical Publishing, ISBN 0-9660176-3-3, 1997
- 6. Embedded Media Processing by David J. Katz and Rick Gentile of Analog Devices, Newnes, ISBN 0750679123, 2005

–	L	Р	Credits	
	4	-	3	
(ELECTIVE -IV)				
ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE AND				
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMI/EMC)				

UNIT-I

Introduction, Natural and Nuclear Sources of EMI / EMC: Electromagnetic environment, History, Concepts, Practical experiences and concerns, frequency spectrum conservations, An overview of EMI / EMC, Natural and Nuclear sources of EMI.

UNIT-II

EMI from Apparatus, Circuits and Open Area Test Sites: Electromagnetic emissions, Noise from relays and switches, Nonlinearities in circuits, passive intermodulation, Cross talk in transmission lines, Transients in power supply lines, Electromagnetic interference (EMI), Open area test sites and measurements.

UNIT-III:

Radiated and Conducted Interference Measurements and ESD: Anechoic chamber, TEM cell, GH TEM Cell, Characterization of conduction currents / voltages, Conducted EM noise on power lines, Conducted EMI from equipment, Immunity to conducted EMI detectors and measurements, ESD, Electrical fast transients / bursts, Electrical surges.

UNIT-IV:

Grounding, Shielding, Bonding and EMI filters: Principles and types of grounding, Shielding and bonding, Characterization of filters, Power lines filter design.

UNIT-V:

Cables, Connectors, Components and EMC Standards: EMI suppression cables, EMC connectors, EMC gaskets, Isolation transformers, optoisolators, National / International EMC standards. *www.universityupdates.in* // *www.android.universityupdates.in*

DECS, ECE, DECE TEXT BOOKS:

- Engineering Electromagnetic Compatibility Dr. V.P. Kodali, IEEEPublication, Printed in India by S. Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 2000.
- Electromagnetic Interference and Compatibility IMPACT series, IIT Delhi, Modules 1 – 9.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

 Introduction to Electromagnetic Compatibility - Ny, John Wiley, 1992, by C.R. Pal. 56

	–	L	Р	Credits		
		-	3	2		
	ADVANCED COMMUNICATIONS LAB					
No	Note:					
1.	Minimum of 10 Experiments have to be conducted					
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- 2. All Experiments may be Simulated using MATLAB and to be verified using related training kits.
 - 1. Measurement of Bit Error Rate using Binary Data
 - 2. Verification of minimum distance in Hamming code
 - 3. Determination of output of Convolutional Encoder for a given sequence
 - 4. Determination of output of Convolutional Decoder for a given sequence
 - 5. Efficiency of DS Spread- Spectrum Technique
 - 6. Simulation of Frequency Hopping (FH) system
 - 7. Effect of Sampling and Quantization of Digital Image
 - 8. Verification of Various Transforms (FT / DCT/ Walsh / Hadamard) on a given Image (Finding Transform and Inverse Transform)
 - 9. Point, Line and Edge detection techniques using derivative operators.
 - 10. Implementation of FIR filter using DSP Trainer Kit (C-Code/ Assembly code)
 - 11. Implementation of IIR filter using DSP Trainer Kit (C-Code/Assembly code)
 - 12. Determination of Losses in Optical Fiber
 - 13. Observing the Waveforms at various test points of a mobile phone using Mobile Phone Trainer
 - 14. Study of Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum Modulation & Demodulation using CDMA-DSS-BER Trainer
 - 15. Study of ISDN Training System with Protocol Analyzer
 - 16. Characteristics of LASER Diode.